



# Thermographic Automation Camera

User Manual

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The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
 <b>Danger</b>	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will or could result in death or serious injury.
 <b>Caution</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance degradation, or unexpected results.
 <b>Note</b>	Provides additional information to emphasize or supplement important points of the main text.

## Safety Instruction

These instructions are intended to ensure that user can use the product correctly to avoid danger or property loss.

### Laws and Regulations

- In the use of the product, you must be in strict compliance with the electrical safety regulations of the nation and region.

### Transportation

- Keep the device in original or similar packaging while transporting it.
- Keep all wrappers after unpacking them for future use. In case of any failure occurred, you need to return the device to the factory with the original wrapper. Transportation without the original wrapper may result in damage on the device and the company shall not take any responsibilities.
- DO NOT drop the product or subject it to physical shock. Keep the device away from magnetic interference.

### Power Supply

- Check the input voltage before powering on the device to avoid damage.
- CAUTION: If the fuse of the device can be replaced, replace it only with the same model to reduce the risk of fire or electric shock.
- If a fuse is connected to the neutral wire and a double pole/neutral fusing occurs, parts of the device that remain energized might represent a hazard during servicing after operation of the fuse.
- If the device uses a 3-prong power supply plug, it must be connected to an earthed mains socket-outlet properly.
- Do not touch the bare components (such as the metal contacts of the inlets) and wait for at least 5 minutes, since electricity may still exist after the device is powered off.
- For the permanently connected device without a disconnect equipment, a readily accessible disconnect equipment shall be incorporated into the electrical installation of the connected building.
- For the permanently connected device without an overcurrent protection equipment, an overcurrent protection equipment shall be incorporated into the electrical installation of the connected building. The specifications of the overcurrent protection equipment shall not exceed that of the building.
- For the permanently connected device without an all-pole mains switch, an all-pole mains switch shall be incorporated into the electrical installation of the connected building.
- If the device is powered by terminals connected to the power cord, ensure correct voltage and wiring of the terminals for connection to mains supply.

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- Please purchase the charger by yourself. Input voltage should meet the Limited Power Source (12 VDC, or 24 VAC) according to the IEC62368 standard. Please refer to technical specifications for detailed information.
- Make sure the plug is properly connected to the power socket.
- The socket-outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
- DO NOT connect multiple devices to one power adapter, to avoid over-heating or fire hazards caused by overload.
- DO NOT touch the bare metal contacts of the inlets after the circuit breaker is turned off. Electricity still exists.
- + identifies the positive terminal(s) of equipment which is used with, or generates direct current. - identifies the negative terminal(s) of equipment which is used with, or generates direct current.

## Battery

- Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.
- The built-in battery cannot be dismantled. Please contact the manufacture for repair if necessary.
- For long-term storage of the battery, make sure it is fully charged every half year to ensure the battery quality. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- This equipment is not suitable for use in locations where children are likely to be present.
- Improper replacement of the battery with an incorrect type may defeat a safeguard (for example, in the case of some lithium battery types).
- DO NOT dispose of the battery into fire or a hot oven, or mechanically crush or cut the battery, which may result in an explosion.
- DO NOT leave the battery in an extremely high temperature surrounding environment, which may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.
- DO NOT subject the battery to extremely low air pressure, which may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.

## Installation

- This device is suitable for use above 2 m only.
- Install the device according to the instructions in Quick Start Guide. To prevent injury, this device must be securely attached to the installation surface in accordance with the installation instructions.
- Never place the device in an unstable location. The device may fall, causing serious personal injury or death.
- The additional force shall be equal to three times the weight of the device but not less than 50 N. The device and its associated mounting means shall remain secure during the installation. After the installation, the device, including any associated mounting plate, shall not be damaged.

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- Never place the equipment in an unstable location. The equipment may fall, causing serious personal injury or death.
- This equipment is for use only with corresponding brackets. Use with other (carts, stands, or carriers) may result in instability causing injury.
- The interface varies with the models. Please refer to the product datasheet for details.
- If the device needs to be wired by yourself, select the corresponding wire to supply power according to the electric parameters labeled on the device. Strip off wire with a standard wire stripper at corresponding position. To avoid serious consequences, the length of stripped wire shall be appropriate, and conductors shall not be exposed.
- Make sure that the power has been disconnected before you wire, install, or disassemble the device.

## System Security

- You acknowledge that the nature of Internet provides for inherent security risks, and our company shall not take any responsibilities for abnormal operation, privacy leakage or other damages resulting from cyber attack, hacker attack, however, our company will provide timely technical support if required.
- Please enforce the protection for the personal information and the data security as the device may be confronted with the network security problems when it is connected to the Internet. Please contact us when the device might exist network security risks.
- Please understand that you have the responsibility to configure all the passwords and other security settings about the device, and keep your user name and password.

## Maintenance


- If the product does not work properly, please contact your dealer or the nearest service center. We shall not assume any responsibility for problems caused by unauthorized repair or maintenance.
- Wipe the device gently with a clean cloth and a small quantity of ethanol, if necessary.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.
- To reduce the risk of fire, replace only with the same type and rating of fuse.
- The serial port of the equipment is used for debugging only.

## Using Environment

- Make sure the running environment meets the requirement of the device. The operating temperature shall be -30°C to 60°C (-22°F to 140°F), or -40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F), and the operating humidity shall be 95% or less, no condensing.
- DO NOT expose the device to high electromagnetic radiation or dusty environments.
- DO NOT aim the lens at the sun or any other bright light.
- The equipment shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and that no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the equipment.
- No naked flame sources, such as lighted candles, should be placed on the equipment.

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- For the device with ventilation openings, the ventilation openings should not be impeded by covering the ventilation openings with items, such as newspapers, table-cloths, and curtains. The openings shall never be blocked by placing the device on a bed, sofa, rug, or other similar surface.
- Keep a proper distance around the device for sufficient ventilation.
- This device is suitable for mounting on concrete or other non-combustible surface only to avoid fire hazard.
- This equipment is not suitable for use in locations where children are likely to be present.
- Provide a surge suppressor at the inlet opening of the equipment under special conditions such as the mountain top, iron tower, and forest.
- Burned fingers when handling the parts with symbol . Wait one-half hour after switching off before handling the parts.

## Emergency

- If smoke, odor, or noise arises from the device, immediately turn off the power, unplug the power cable, and contact the service center.

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# Chapter 1 Device Activation and Accessing

To protect the security and privacy of the user account and data, you should set a login password to activate the device when access the device via network.

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## Note

Refer to the user manual of the software client for the detailed information about the client software activation.

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## 1.1 Activate the Device via HIKMICRO Studio

Search and activate the online devices via HIKMICRO Studio software.

### Before You Start

Access [www.hikmicrotech.com](http://www.hikmicrotech.com) to get HIKMICRO Studio software to install.

### Steps

1. Connect the device to network using the network cable.
2. Run the software, and create super user name and password to log in.
3. Go to **Device Management > Device > Online Device** to search the online devices.
4. Check **Security Level** from the device list, and select the device to be activated.
5. Create and input the new password in the password field, and confirm the password.

---

## Caution

We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

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6. Click OK.

**Security Level** changes into **Active**.

7. **Optional:** Change the network parameters of the device in **Modify Netinfo**.
- 

## Note

For detailed operation, please refer to the user manual of HIKMICRO Studio .

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## 1.2 Activate the Device via Browser

You can access and activate the device via the browser.

## Steps

1. Connect the device to the PC using the network cables.
2. Change the IP address of the PC and device to the same segment.

---

### Note

The default IP address of the device is 192.168.1.64. You can set the IP address of the PC from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.253 (except 192.168.1.64). For example, you can set the IP address of the PC to 192.168.1.100.

- 
3. Input **192.168.1.64** in the browser.
  4. Set device activation password.

---

### Caution

We highly recommend you create a strong password of your own choosing (using a minimum of 8 characters, including at least three of the following categories: upper case letters, lower case letters, numbers, and special characters) in order to increase the security of your product. And we recommend you reset your password regularly, especially in the high security system, resetting the password monthly or weekly can better protect your product.

- 
5. Click **OK**.
  6. Input the activation password to log in to the device.
  7. **Optional:** Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > TCP/IP** to change the IP address of the device to the same segment of your network.


## 1.3 Login

Log in to the device via Web browser.

### 1.3.1 Plug-in Installation

Certain operating systems and web browsers may restrict the display and operation of the device function. You should install a plug-in or complete certain settings to ensure normal display and operation. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.



Operating System	Web Browser	Operation
Windows 7/8/10/11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Google Chrome 91 and higher</li> <li>• Mozilla Firefox 88 and higher</li> <li>• Microsoft Edge 91 and higher</li> </ul>	Click  to download and install plug-in.
Mac OS 10.13 and higher	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Google Chrome 91 and higher</li> <li>• Mac Safari 13 and higher</li> </ul>	<p>Plug-in installation is not required.</p> <p>Go to <b>Configuration &gt; Network &gt; Network Service &gt; WebSocket(s)</b> to enable WebSocket or WebSockets for normal view. Display and operation of certain functions are restricted. For example, Playback and Picture are not available. For detailed restricted function, refer to the actual device.</p>

 **Note**

- The device only supports Windows and Mac OS system, and does not support Linux system.
- To improve the user experience on certain devices, it's recommended to use a more advanced web browser for access. Please refer to the actual device or product specification.
- Certain device models do not support Internet Explorer web browser.

## 1.3.2 Illegal Login Lock

It helps to improve the security when accessing the device via Internet.

Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > Login Management** , and enable **Enable Illegal Login Lock**. **Illegal Login Attempts** and **Locking Duration** are configurable.

### Illegal Login Attempts

When your login attempts with the wrong password reach the set times, the device is locked.

### Locking Duration

The device releases the lock after the setting duration.

## Chapter 2 Live View

It introduces the live view parameters, function icons and transmission parameters settings.


### 2.1 Live View Parameters

The supported functions vary depending on the model.

#### 2.1.1 Start and Stop Live View

Click **Live View**. Click  to start live view. Click  to stop live view.

#### 2.1.2 Capture Radiometric Images





Click  to capture thermal images with pixel-to-pixel thermometry data.

#### 2.1.3 Live View Stream Type

Select the live view stream type according to your needs. For the detailed information about the stream type selection, refer to [\*\*\*Stream Type\*\*\*](#).

#### 2.1.4 Aspect Ratio

Aspect Ratio is the display ratio of the width to height of the image.

-  refers to 4:3 window size.
-  refers to 16:9 window size.
-  refers to self-adaptive window size.
-  refers to original ratio window size.

#### 2.1.5 View Previous/Next Page


When the number of channels surpasses that of live view window division, this function can switch live view among multiple channels.

Click   to switch live view among multiple channels.

## 2.1.6 Select the Third-Party Plug-in

When the live view cannot display via certain browsers, you can change the plug-in for live view according to the browser.


### Steps

1. Click **Live View**.
2. Click  to select the plug-in.
  - When you access the device via Internet Explorer, you can select Webcomponents or QuickTime.
  - When you access the device via the other browsers, you can select Webcomponents, QuickTime or MJPEG.


## 2.1.7 Start Digital Zoom

It helps to see a detailed information of any region in the image.

### Steps

1. Click  to enable the digital zoom.
2. In live view image, drag the mouse to select the desired region.
3. Click in the live view image to back to the original image.


## 2.1.8 Offline Capture

Click  to capture the thermal image (Name: Prefix\_Device IP\_Time.jpeg) with raw data, thermometry information, etc.

## 2.1.9 Count Pixel

It helps to get the height and width pixel of the selected region in the live view image.

### Steps

1. Click  to enable the function.
2. Drag the mouse on the image to select a desired rectangle area.

The width pixel and height pixel are displayed on the bottom of the live view image.

## 2.1.10 Lens Parameters Adjustment

PTZ is an abbreviation for pan, tilt, and zoom. It means the movement options of the device. In live view interface, you can click the direction control buttons to control the pan/tilt movement, and click the zoom/focus/iris buttons to realize lens control.

## Note



- Supported PTZ functions may vary according to different camera models.
  - For the devices which support lens movements only, the direction buttons are invalid.
- 

## Direction Control





Click and hold the direction button to pan/tilt the device.



## Zoom

- Click , and the lens zooms in.
- Click , and the lens zooms out.


## Focus

- Click , then the lens focuses near and the nearby object gets clear.
- Click , then the lens focuses far and the distant object gets clear.

## Iris

- When the image is too dark, click  to enlarge the iris.
- When the image is too bright, click  to stop down the iris.

## PTZ Speed

- Slide  to adjust the speed of the pan/tilt movement.

## 2.2 Set Transmission Parameters

The live view image may be displayed abnormally according to the network conditions. In different network environments, you can adjust the transmission parameters to solve the problem.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Local > Live View Parameters** .
2. Set the transmission parameters as required.

#### Protocol

TCP

TCP ensures complete delivery of streaming data and better video quality, yet the real-time transmission will be affected. It is suitable for the stable network environment.

## UDP

UDP is suitable for the unstable network environment that does not demand high video fluency.

## MULTICAST

MULTICAST is suitable for the situation that there are multiple clients. You should set the multicast address for them before selection.



For detailed information about multicast, refer to ***Multicast***.

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## HTTP

HTTP is suitable for the situation that the third-party needs to get the stream from the device.

## Playing Performance

### Shortest Delay

The device takes the real-time video image as the priority over the video fluency.

### Balanced

The device ensures both the real-time video image and the fluency.

### Fluent

The device takes the video fluency as the priority over real-time. In poor network environment, the device cannot ensure video fluency even the fluency is enabled.

### Custom

You can set the frame rate manually. In poor network environment, you can reduce the frame rate to get a fluent live view. But the rule information may not display.

3. Click **Save**.

## 2.3 Object Missing

This object is not available in the repository.

## 2.4 Set Rule Display

You can set the rule display of target object in live view or captured picture.

Go to **Configuration > Local > Live View Parameter** to set the parameters.

## **Rules**

Display rule info. in live view, such as the rule area of motion detection event and VCA resources.

## **Display POS Info**

Display target ID and attributes in main stream recordings. The attribute type depends on the model and function of different device, and the actual device prevails.

## **Display Rules Info on Capture**

Display rule info (e.g., alarm area and rule area) on captured pictures. The attribute type depends on the model and function of different device, and the actual device prevails.

## **Display Temperature Info.**

Display the highest and lowest as well as the point, line and area temperature value.

## Chapter 3 Video and Image Settings

This part introduces the configuration of video/audio and image related parameters.

### 3.1 Video Settings

This part introduces the settings of video parameters, such as, stream type, video encoding, and resolution.

Go to setting page: **Configuration > Video/Audio > Video** .

#### 3.1.1 Stream Type

For device supports more than one stream, you can specify parameters for each stream type.

##### **Main Stream**

The stream stands for the best stream performance the device supports. It usually offers the best resolution and frame rate the device can do. But high resolution and frame rate usually mean larger storage space and higher bandwidth requirements in transmission.

##### **Sub Stream**

The stream usually offers comparatively low resolution options, which consumes less bandwidth and storage space.

#### 3.1.2 Video Type

Select the content that should be contained in the stream.

##### **Video Stream**

Only video content is contained in the stream.

#### 3.1.3 Resolution

Select video resolution according to actual needs. Higher resolution requires higher bandwidth and storage.

#### 3.1.4 Bitrate Type and Max. Bitrate

##### **Constant Bitrate**



It means that the stream is compressed and transmitted at a comparatively fixed bitrate. The compression speed is fast, but mosaic may occur on the image.

## **Variable Bitrate**

It means that the device automatically adjust the bitrate under the set **Max. Bitrate**. The compression speed is slower than that of the constant bitrate. But it guarantees the image quality of complex scenes.

## **3.1.5 Video Quality**

When **Bitrate Type** is set as Variable, video quality is configurable. Select a video quality according to actual needs. Note that higher video quality requires higher bandwidth.

## **3.1.6 Frame Rate**

The frame rate is to describe the frequency at which the video stream is updated and it is measured by frames per second (fps).

A higher frame rate is advantageous when there is movement in the video stream, as it maintains image quality throughout. Note that higher frame rate requires higher bandwidth and larger storage space.

## **3.1.7 Video Encoding**

It stands for the compression standard the device adopts for video encoding.



### **Note**

Available compression standards vary according to device models.

---

## **H.264**

H.264, also known as MPEG-4 Part 10, Advanced Video Coding, is a compression standard. Without compressing image quality, it increases compression ratio and reduces the size of video file than MJPEG or MPEG-4 Part 2.

## **H.265**

H.265, also known as High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) and MPEG-H Part 2, is a compression standard. In comparison to H.264, it offers better video compression at the same resolution, frame rate and image quality.

## Profile

This function means that under the same bitrate, the more complex the profile is, the higher the quality of the image is, and the requirement for network bandwidth is also higher.

## I-Frame Interval

I-frame interval defines the number of frames between 2 I-frames.

In H.264 and H.265, an I-frame, or intra frame, is a self-contained frame that can be independently decoded without any reference to other images. An I-frame consumes more bits than other frames. Thus, video with more I-frames, in other words, smaller I-frame interval, generates more steady and reliable data bits while requiring more storage space.

## SVC

Scalable Video Coding (SVC) is the name for the Annex G extension of the H.264 or H.265 video compression standard.

The objective of the SVC standardization has been to enable the encoding of a high-quality video bitstream that contains one or more subset bitstreams that can themselves be decoded with a complexity and reconstruction quality similar to that achieved using the existing H.264 or H.265 design with the same quantity of data as in the subset bitstream. The subset bitstream is derived by dropping packets from the larger bitstream.

SVC enables forward compatibility for older hardware: the same bitstream can be consumed by basic hardware which can only decode a low-resolution subset, while more advanced hardware will be able decode high quality video stream.

### 3.1.8 Smoothing

It refers to the smoothness of the stream. The higher value of the smoothing is, the better fluency of the stream will be, though, the video quality may not be so satisfactory. The lower value of the smoothing is, the higher quality of the stream will be, though it may appear not fluent.

### 3.1.9 Display VCA Info

VCA information can be displayed by Player and Video.

#### Player

Player means the VCA info can be displayed by the dedicated player provided by the manufacturer.

## Video

Video means the VCA info can be displayed by any general video player.


### 3.1.10 Set ROI

ROI (Region of Interest) encoding helps to assign more encoding resource to the region of interest, thus to increase the quality of the ROI whereas the background information is less focused.

#### Before You Start

Please check the video coding type. ROI is supported when the video coding type is H.264 or H.265.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Video/Audio > ROI** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select **Stream Type**.
4. Select **Region No.** and click  to draw ROI region on the live view.

---

#### Note

Select the fixed region that needs to be adjusted and drag the mouse to adjust its position.

- 
5. Input the **Area Name** and **ROI Level**.
  6. Click **Save**.

---

#### Note

The higher the ROI level is, the clearer the image of the detected region is.

- 
7. **Optional:** Select other region No. and repeat the above steps if you need to draw multiple fixed regions.

## 3.2 Display Settings

It offers the parameter settings to adjust image features.

Go to **Configuration > Image > Display Settings** .

Click **Default** to restore settings.

### 3.2.1 Image Adjustment

By adjusting the **Brightness**, and **Contrast**, the image can be best displayed.

## 3.2.2 Image Adjustment (Thermal Channel)

You can optimize the image display effect of thermal channel by setting background correction and manual correction.

### Background Correction

Fully cover the lens with an object of uniform temperature in front of the lens, such as foam board or paperboard. When you click **DPC (Defective Pixel Correction)**, the device will take the uniform object as the standard and optimize the image once.

### Manual Correction

Click **DPC (Defective Pixel Correction)** to optimize the image once.



It is a normal phenomenon that short video freezing might occur during the process of **Background Correction** and **Manual Correction**.

---

### FFC

Flat field correction (FFC) ensures image uniformity. Choose whether to close FFC as desired. After turning off Calibration Mode, please power off the device, keep it at normal temperature for 6 minutes, and then power it on.

#### Auto

The camera performs flat field correction automatically when the timing correction or temperature correction condition reaches.

#### Close

The camera performs flat field correction every 24 hours. After turning off Calibration Mode, please power off the device, keep it at normal temperature for 6 minutes, and then power it on.



When FFC is closed, the device still performs flat field correction for the first 30 minutes.

---

### Thermal AGC Mode

Choose the AGC mode according to different scenes to balance and improve the image quality.

#### Histogram

This mode is suitable for scenes containing a wide range of high/low temperature areas, to enhance the color contrast of the entire area. You can more clearly distinguish the temperature distribution within the area, such as: the entire sky or the ground.

#### Linear

This mode is suitable for detecting small, high-temperature faults in a low-temperature background, e.g., electrical components such as wiring, contacts, etc., which can be used to highlight more fine details of the target.

## 3.2.3 DNR

Digital Noise Reduction is used to reduce the image noise and improve the image quality. **Normal** and **Expert** modes are selectable.

### Normal

Set the DNR level to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

### Expert

Set the DNR level for both space DNR and time DNR to control the noise reduction degree. The higher level means stronger reduction degree.

## 3.2.4 Set Palette

You can select the palette mode to display the thermal grayscale image to colored image.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Image > Display Settings** .
2. Select a palette mode in **Image Enhancement** according to your need.

### Result

The live view displays the image with palette.

## 3.2.5 Set Target Enhancement

You can set the color of the targets in different temperature ranges to identify the target quickly.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Image > Display Settings** .
2. Click **Image Enhancement**, select **Palette** as **White Hot** or **Black Hot**.
3. Set the temperature value and color of **High Temperature**, **Interval Temperature**, or **Low Temperature** targets.

### High Temperature Coloration

When the target of high temperature needs to be colored, you can set the high temperature color. Target above the setting temperature will be displayed in setting color.

## **Between**

When the target of an interval temperature needs to be colored, you can set the interval temperature color. Target between the minimum and the maximum temperatures will be displayed in setting color.

## **Below**

When the target of low temperature needs to be colored, you can set the low temperature color. Target below the setting temperature will be displayed in setting color.

4. Click **Save**.

## **3.2.6 Set Palette Range**

The live view can display the palettes effect of the specified temperature range.

Select **Manual**, **Auto**, or **Area Adaption** from **By Temp. Range** drop-down list.

### **Auto**

The device detects the max. temperature and min. temperature of the scene automatically and display image of the whole scene with palettes.

### **Manual**

In this mode, you can enter the temperature upper limit and lower limit manually. And the live view shows the palettes effect of the desired temperature section more detailed.

### **Area Adaption**

In this mode, you need to draw a temperature range area first. The device will automatically detect the max. temperature and min. temperature of the drawn area and enhance the image of the area with palettes.

## **3.2.7 DDE**

Digital Detail Enhancement is used to adjust the details of the image. **OFF** and **Normal** modes are selectable.

### **OFF**

Disable this function.

### **Normal**

Set the DDE level to control the details of the image. The higher the level is, the more details shows, but the higher the noise is.

## 3.2.8 Mirror

When the live view image is the reverse of the actual scene, this function helps to display the image normally.

Select the mirror mode as needed.



The video recording will be shortly interrupted when the function is enabled.

---

## 3.2.9 Digital Zoom

You can zoom in the image. The larger the zoom size is, the more blurred the image is.

## 3.2.10 Local Video Output

If the device is equipped with video output interfaces, such as BNC, CVBS, HDMI, and SDI, you can preview the live image directly by connecting the device to a monitor screen.

Select the output mode as ON/OFF to control the output.

## 3.2.11 Shutter Freeze Duration

The device can correct image automatically by shutter. In this process, you may miss some key moments due to image freeze. If you set the shutter freeze duration, the shutter will rest automatically during the set period. Over long shutter freeze duration may affect the image quality.

## 3.3 OSD

You can customize OSD (On-screen Display) information such as device name, time/date, font, color, and text overlay displayed on video stream.

Go to OSD setting page: **Configuration > Image > OSD Settings** . Set the corresponding parameters, and click **Save** to take effect.

### Display

Set camera name, date, week, and their related display formats.

### Format Settings

Set OSD parameters, such as **Display Mode**, **OSD Size**, **Font Color**, and **Alignment**.



## Text Overlay

Set customized overlay text on image.

## 3.4 Set Privacy Mask

The function blocks certain areas in the live view to protect privacy. No matter how the device moves, the blocked scene will never be seen.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Image > Privacy Mask** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Click  . Drag the mouse in the live view to draw a closed area.
  - Drag the corners of the area** Adjust the size of the area.
  - Drag the area** Adjust the position of the area.
  - Click ** Clear all the areas you set.
4. Click **Add** to add a privacy mask and set **Region Name** and **Mask Type**.
5. Click **Save**.

## 3.5 Overlay Picture

Overlay a customized picture on live view.

### Before You Start

The picture to overlay has to be in BMP format with 24-bit, and the maximum picture size is 128 × 128 pixel.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Image > Picture Overlay** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Click **Upload** to select a picture and open it.
  - The picture with a red rectangle will appear in live view after successfully uploading.
4. Drag the red rectangle to adjust the picture position.
5. Click **Save**.

## 3.6 VCA Rule Display Settings

The VCA rule display refers to the function that you can customize the displayed overlay information of the VCA rule, which includes the font size and line and frame color.



You can go to **Configuration > Image > VCA Rule Display** to select the desired font size, and set the line and frame color.



## 3.7 Set Manual DPC (Defective Pixel Correction)



If the amount of defective pixels in the image is comparatively small and accurate correction is needed, you can correct these pixels manually.

### Steps


1. Go to **Configuration > Image > DPC** .
2. Click the defective pixel on the image, then a cursor shows on the live view.
3. Click **Up, Down, Left, Right** to adjust the cursor position to the defective pixel position.
4. Click  , then click  to correct defective pixel.

---

### Note

If multiple defective pixels need to be corrected, click  after locating a defective pixel. Then after locating other pixels, click  to correct them simultaneously.

---

5. **Optional:** Click  to cancel defective pixel correction.

## Chapter 4 Video Recording and Picture Capture

This part introduces the operations of capturing video clips and snapshots, playback, and downloading captured files.

### 4.1 Storage Settings

This part introduces the configuration of several common storage paths.

#### 4.1.1 Set FTP

You can configure the FTP server to save images which are captured by events or a timed snapshot task.

##### Before You Start

Get the FTP server address first.

##### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Alarm Setting > FTP** .
2. Configure FTP settings.

##### Server Address and Port

The FTP server address and corresponding port.

##### User Name and Password

The FTP user should have the permission to upload pictures.

If the FTP server supports picture uploading by anonymous users, you can check

**Anonymous** to hide your device information during uploading.

##### Directory Structure

The saving path of snapshots in the FTP server.

3. **Optional:** Check **Upload Picture** to enable uploading snapshots to the FTP server.
4. Click **Test** to verify the FTP server.
5. Click **Save**.

#### 4.1.2 Set NAS

Take network server as network disk to store the record files, captured images, etc.

##### Before You Start

Get the IP address of the network disk first.

## Steps

1. Go to NAS setting page: **Configuration > Storage > Storage Management > Net HDD** .
2. Click **Add**.
3. Set **Mounting Type**.

### Mounting Type

Select file system protocol according to the operation system.

Enter user name and password of the net HDD to guarantee the security if **SMB/CIFS** is selected.

4. Set the **Server Address** and **File Path** for the disk.


### Server Address

The IP address of the network disk.

### File Path

The saving path of network disk files.

5. Click **Test** to check whether the network disk is available.
6. Click **OK** to finish the steps to add a Net HDD.
7. **Optional**: Configure the Net HDD.

**Edit** Click  to edit the parameter setting.

**Delete** Delete the Net HDD.

- Click  .
- Select the Net HDD, click **Delete**.

8. Click **Save**.



## Note

For information about how to format and configure the quota of NAS, see [\*\*\*Set Disk\*\*\*](#) .

---

## 4.1.3 Set Disk

### Steps

1. Go to storage management setting page: **Configuration > Storage > Storage Management > HDD Management** .
2. Select a disk, and click **Format** to start initializing the disk.  
The **Status** of the disk turns to **Normal** from **Uninitialized**, which means the disk can be used normally.
3. **Optional**: Define the **Quota** of the disk. Input the quota percentage for different contents according to your need.
4. Click **Save**.

## 4.1.4 Set Cloud Storage

It helps to upload the captured pictures and data to the cloud. The platform requests picture directly from the cloud for picture and analysis. The function is only supported by certain models.

### Steps

---



#### Caution

If the cloud storage is enabled, the pictures are stored in the cloud video manager firstly.

---

1. Go to **Configuration > Storage > Storage Management > Cloud Storage** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set basic parameters.

<b>Protocol Version</b>	The protocol version of the cloud video manager.
<b>Server IP</b>	The IP address of the cloud video manager. It supports IPv4 address.
<b>Serve Port</b>	The port of the cloud video manager. You are recommended to use the default port.
<b>AccessKey</b>	The key to log in to the cloud video manager.
<b>SecretKey</b>	The key to encrypt the data stored in the cloud video manager.
<b>User Name and Password</b>	The user name and password of the cloud video manager.
<b>Picture Storage Pool ID</b>	The ID of the picture storage region in the cloud video manager. Make sure storage pool ID and the storage region ID are the same.

4. Click **Test** to test the configured settings.
5. Click **Save**.

## 4.2 Video Recording

This part introduces the operations of manual and scheduled recording, playback, and downloading recorded files.

### 4.2.1 Record Automatically

This function can record video automatically during configured time periods.

## Before You Start

Select **Trigger Recording** in event settings for each record type except **Continuous**. See ***Event and Alarm*** for details.

## Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Storage > Schedule Settings > Record Schedule** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select a record type.

---

### Note

The record type is vary according to different models.

---

## Continuous

The video will be recorded continuously according to the schedule.

## Motion

When motion detection is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, object movement is recorded.

## Alarm

When alarm input is enabled and trigger recording is selected as linkage method, the video is recorded after receiving alarm signal from external alarm input device.

## Motion | Alarm

Video is recorded when motion is detected or alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

## Motion & Alarm

Video is recorded only when motion is detected and alarm signal is received from the external alarm input device.

## Event

The video is recorded when configured event is detected.

## Temperature Measurement Pre-alarm

The video is recorded when the device detects objects whose temperature is above pre-alarm temperature.

## Temperature Measurement Alarm

The video is recorded when the device detects objects whose temperature is above alarm temperature.

## Temperature Difference Alarm

The video is recorded when area's temperature comparison rule is reached.

## Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm

The video is recorded when interval temperature measurement alarm rule is reached.

4. Set schedule for the selected record type. Refer to ***Set Arming Schedule*** for the setting operation.

## 5. Set the advanced recording parameters.

### Overwrite

Enable **Overwrite** to overwrite the video records when the storage space is full. Otherwise the camera cannot record new videos.

### Pre-record

The time period you set to record before the scheduled time.

### Record Delay

The time period you set to stop recording after the scheduled time.

### Stream Type

Select the stream type for recording.



### Note



When you select the stream type with higher bitrate, the actual time of the pre-record and post-record may be less than the set value.

---

## 6. Click **Save**.

## 4.2.2 Record Manually

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Local** .
2. Set the **Video Size** and **Video Saving Path** for recorded video files.
3. Click **Save**.
4. Click  in the live view interface to start recording. Click  to stop recording.

### What to do next




View the recorded video files.


Go to **Configuration > Local** and click **Open** behind **Video Saving Path** to open the saving path and view the files.

## 4.2.3 Playback and Download Video

You can search, playback, clip and download the videos stored in the local storage or network storage.

### Steps

1. Go to **Playback > Video** .
2. Set search condition and click **Search**.  
The matched video files showed on the timing bar.
3. Click  to play the video files.
  - Click  to play video files in full screen. Press **ESC** to exit full screen.
  - Click  to stop video playback for all channels.

4. **Optional:** Click  to clip video files. Click  again to stop clipping video files

---

## Note

Go to **Configuration > Local > Clip Saving Path** , view and change the saving path of clipped video files.

---

5. **Optional:** Click  on the playback interface to download files.

---

## Note

Go to **Configuration > Local > Downloaded File Saving Path** , view and change the saving path of downloaded video files.

---

## 4.3 Capture Configuration

The device can capture the pictures manually or automatically and save them in configured saving path. You can view and download the snapshots.

### 4.3.1 Capture Automatically

This function can capture pictures automatically during configured time periods.

#### Before You Start

If event-triggered capture is required, you should configure related linkage methods in event settings. Refer to ***Event and Alarm*** for event settings.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Storage > Schedule Settings > Picture Capture** .
2. Set capture schedule. Refer to ***Set Arming Schedule*** for configuring schedule time.

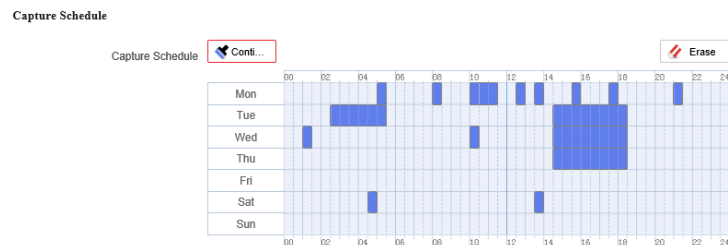


Figure 4-1 Set Capture Schedule

3. Set the capture type.

#### Scheduled

Capture a picture at the configured time interval.

#### Event-Triggered

Capture a picture when an event is triggered.

4. Set the **Format, Resolution, Quality, Interval, and Capture Number**.

---

## Note

The resolution of the captured picture is the same as the resolution of the captured picture stream. You can select **Stream Type** in **Advanced**.

---

5. Click **Save**.

## 4.3.2 Capture Manually

### Steps


1. Go to **Configuration > Local** .
2. Set the **Image Format** and saving path to for snapshots.

#### JPEG

The picture size of this format is comparatively small, which is better for network transmission.

#### BMP

The picture is compressed with good quality.

3. Click **Save**.
4. Click  near the live view or play back window to capture a picture manually.

## 4.3.3 View and Download Picture

You can search, view and download the pictures stored in the local storage or network storage.

### Steps

1. Go to **Playback > Picture** .
  2. Set search condition and click **Search**.
- The matched pictures showed in the file list.

3. Download the pictures.
  - Select the pictures then click **Download** to download them.
  - Click **Download This Page** to download the pictures of this page.
  - Click **Download All** to download all the pictures.

---

## Note

Go to **Configuration > Local > Playback Capture Saving Path** , view and change the saving path of captured pictures when playback.

---



## Chapter 5 Temperature Measurement

When you enable this function, the device measures the actual temperature of the scene. It alarms when temperature exceeds the temperature threshold value.



The function varies according to different camera models.

---

### 5.1 Set Thermography Parameters

Configure the parameters of temperature measurement.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Local** , enable **Display Temperature Info.**

##### Display Temperature Info.

Select **Yes** to display temperature information on live view.

Enable **Rules** to display the rules information on live view.

2. Click **Save**.

3. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Basic Parameter** to configure parameters.

#### Enable Temperature Measurement

Check to enable temperature measurement function.

#### Alarm Mode

Select an alarm mode as needed, and go to **Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Rule** to configure the alarm rules and parameters.

- **Temperature Measurement Alarm:** The device sends alarms or pre-alarms when it detects object whose temperature is above the threshold.
- **Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm:** The device sends alarms when it detects object whose temperature is within or out of the preset temperature interval.

#### Alarm Interval

Set the alarm interval between two alarms.

#### Normal Rule Color

The color of the interval temperature measurement rule when the rule area is in the normal mode.

#### Enable Color-Temperature

Check to display Temperature-Color Ruler in live view.

## Display Temperature Info. on Stream

Check to display temperature information on the stream.

## Display Max./Min./Average Temperature

Check to display maximum/minimum/average temperature information on liveview when the temperature measurement rule is line or area.

## Display Position

Select the position of temperature information showed on the live view.

- Near Target: display the information beside the temperature measurement rule.
- Top Left: display the information on the top left of screen.

## Display Rule Name

Display the rule name rather than the rule ID on the live view. You can set the name in expert temperature measurement mode for the rule.

## Temperature Unit

Display temperature with Degree Celsius (°C)/Degree Fahrenheit (°F)/Degree Kelvin (K).

## Temperature Range

Select the temperature measurement range. The device can adjust the temperature range automatically if you select **Auto**.

## Overlay & Capture

Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Overlay & Capture** to configure the rule and radiometric info on alarm picture.

- Display Rule Info. on Alarm Picture: Select to display only alarm rule or all rules on alarm pictures.
- Display Radiometric Info. on Capture: Check to add radiometric info on alarm pictures.



### Note

- **Display Radiometric Info. on Capture** and **Add Original Picture on Capture** cannot be enabled simultaneously. When both the two functions are enabled, only the function enabled later takes effect.
  - You can go to **Maintenance > Device Debugging > Diagnosis Information Collection** to enable or disable **Add Original Data on Capture**.
- 

## Algorithm Version

Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Advanced Configuration** to view the temperature measurement algorithm library and calibration file version.

---

## Note

The settings vary according to different camera models.

---

4. Click **Save**.

## 5.2 Automatic Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement parameters and temperature measurement rules. The device can measure the actual temperature and output alarms when temperature exceeds the alarm threshold value.

### 5.2.1 Set Normal Mode

This function is used to measure the temperature of the whole scene and alarm.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Basic Parameter**, and check **Enable Temperature Measurement**.
2. Refer to [\*Set Thermography Parameters\*](#) to set the parameters.
3. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameters > Rule**, and select **Normal**.
4. Configure the thermography parameters.
  - 1) Set the emissivity of your target.
  - 2) Set the distance between the target and the device.
5. Configure the alarm parameters of normal mode.
  - **Temperature Measurement**: For information about how to configure the parameters, see [\*Set Temperature Measurement Alarm in Normal Mode\*](#).
  - **Interval Temperature Measurement**: For information about how to configure the parameters, see [\*Set Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm\*](#).
6. Refer to [\*Set Arming Schedule\*](#) for setting scheduled time. Refer to [\*Linkage Method Settings\*](#) for setting linkage method.
7. Click **Save**.

The maximum and minimum temperature will be displayed on the live view.

---

## Note

- The function varies according to different camera models.
  - Go to **Image > VCA Rules Display** to adjust the fonts size and the temperature color of normal, alarm and pre-alarm.
-

## Set Temperature Measurement Alarm in Normal Mode

In temperature measurement alarm mode, the device outputs alarm if the detected temperature is higher than the threshold value.

### Before You Start

Select **Alarm Mode** as **Temperature Measurement Alarm** first in **Basic Parameter**.

### Steps

1. Set the parameters.

#### Tolerance Temperature

Set the tolerance temperature to prevent the constant temperature change to affect the alarm. E.g., set tolerance temperature as 3°C, set alarm temperature as 55°C, and set pre-alarm temperature as 50°C. The device sends pre-alarm when its temperature reaches 50°C and it alarms when its temperature reaches 55°C and only when the device temperature is lower than 52°C will the alarm be cancelled.

#### Pre-Alarm Temperature

When the temperature of target exceeds the pre-alarm threshold, and this status keeps more than **Filtering Time**, it triggers pre-alarm.

#### Alarm Temperature

When the temperature of target exceeds the alarm threshold, and this status keeps more than **Filtering Time**, it triggers alarm.

#### Pre-Alarm Output and Alarm Output

Check **Pre-Alarm Output** and **Alarm Output** to link the pre-alarm or alarm with the connected alarm device.

#### Temperature Sudden Change Alarm

When the temperature change exceeds the set sudden change alarm value within the set cycle, the camera triggers an alarm.

2. Save the settings.

## Set Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm

In interval temperature measurement alarm mode, the device will output alarm when the detected temperature of the full screen (normal mode) or the thermography rules (expert mode) triggers the set rule.

### Before You Start

Select **Alarm Mode** as **Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm** first in basic settings.

### Steps

1. Select an **Alarm Rule** in **Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm** section.
2. Select an **Alarm Type**.

---

## Note

In normal mode, the device measures temperature of the full screen. In expert mode, the device measures the temperature of thermography rules.

---

3. Check **Alarm Area Rule**, and click **Set** to configure the alarm rule parameters.
  4. Edit the interval name, temperature range and alarm rule color.
- 

## Note

If you select Temperature Range, the device triggers an alarm when the highest temperature in the scene is lower than the max. temperature, or when the lowest temperature in the scene is not lower than the min. temperature. If you select Out of Temperature Range, the device triggers an alarm when the highest temperature in the scene is higher than the max. temperature, or when the lowest temperature in the scene is not higher than the min. temperature.

---

5. Select the alarm output channel.
- 

## Note

The function varies according to different models.

---

6. **Optional:** In expert mode, you can click **Copy to...** to copy current settings for other thermography rules.

## 5.2.2 Set Expert Mode

Select the temperature measurement rules from **Point**, **Line**, or **Area** and configure parameters, the device alarms if the alarm rules are met.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Basic Parameter**, check **Enable Temperature Measurement**.
2. Refer to ***Set Thermography Parameters*** to set the parameters.
3. Go to **Configuration > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Rule**, select **Expert**.
4. Select and enable the temperature measurement rules. Please refer to ***Set Thermography Rule*** for setting the rule.
5. Configure the alarm parameters of expert mode.
  - **Temperature Measurement:** For information about how to configure the parameters, see ***Set Temperature Measurement Alarm in Expert Mode***.
  - **Interval Temperature Measurement:** For information about how to configure the parameters, see ***Set Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm***.
6. **Optional:** Click **Area's Temperature Comparison** to set the alarm rules and the temperature.
7. Click **Save**.

The maximum temperature and thermography rules will be displayed on the live view.



Go to **Configuration > Image > VCA Rules Display** to adjust the font size and the temperature color of normal, alarm and pre-alarm.

---

## Set Thermography Rule

### Steps

1. Customize the rule name.
2. Select the rule **type** to Point, Line, or Area. Then draw a point, line, or area on the interface where the position to be measured.

**Point** Please refer to [\*Point Thermography\*](#) for detailed configuration.

**Line** Please refer to [\*Line Thermography\*](#) for detailed configuration.

**Area** Please refer to [\*Area Thermography\*](#) for detailed configuration.

3. Configure the temperature measurement parameters.

### Emissivity

Set the emissivity of the target. The emissivity of the surface of a material is its effectiveness in emitting energy as thermal radiation. Different objects have different emissivity. Refer to [\*Common Material Emissivity Reference\*](#) to search for the target emissivity..

### Distance

The distance between the target and the device.

### Reflective Temperature

If there is any object with high emissivity in the scene, check and set the reflective temperature to correct the temperature. The reflective temperature should be set the same as the temperature of the high emissivity object.

### Area's Temperature Comparison

Select two areas and set the comparison rule, and set the temperature difference threshold. The device alarms when the temperature difference meets the setting value.

4. Click  , and refer to [\*Set Temperature Measurement Alarm in Expert Mode\*](#) or [\*Set Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm\*](#) to set the Alarm Rule.

5. Click **Save**.

Click **Live View**, and select thermal channel to view the temperature and rules information on live view.

## Point Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement rule and click any point in live view to monitor the temperature.

### Steps

1. Click in the live view and a cross cursor shows on the interface.
2. Drag the cross cursor to desired position.  
Go to **Live View** interface to view the temperature and rule of the point in thermal channel.

## Line Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement rule and monitor the maximum temperature of the line.

### Steps

1. Click and drag the mouse to draw a line in the live view interface.
2. Click and move the line to adjust the position.
3. Click and drag the ends of the line to adjust the length.  
Go to **Live View** interface to view the maximum temperature and rule of the line in thermal channel.

## Area Thermography

Configure the temperature measurement rule and monitor the maximum temperature of the area.

### Steps

1. Click and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area and right click to finish drawing.
2. Click and move the area to adjust the position.
3. Drag the corners of the area to adjust the size and shape.  
Go to **Live View** interface to view the maximum temperature and rule of the area in thermal channel.

## Set Temperature Measurement Alarm in Expert Mode

In temperature measurement alarm mode, the device outputs alarm if the detected temperature is higher than the threshold value.

### Before You Start

Select **Alarm Mode** as **Temperature Measurement Alarm** first in **Basic Parameter**.

## Steps

1. Set the parameters.

### Alarm Temperature and Pre-Alarm Temperature

Set the alarm temperature and pre-alarm temperature. E.g., select Alarm Rule as Above (Average Temperature), set the Pre-Alarm Temperature to 50 °C, and set the Alarm Temperature to 55 °C. The device pre-alarms when its average temperature is higher than 50 °C and alarms when its average temperature is higher than 55 °C.

### Tolerance Temperature

Set the tolerance temperature to prevent the constant temperature change to affect the alarm. E.g., set tolerance temperature as 3°C, set alarm temperature as 55°C, and set pre-alarm temperature as 50°C. The device sends pre-alarm when its temperature reaches 50°C and it alarms when its temperature reaches 55°C and only when the device temperature is lower than 52°C will the alarm be cancelled.

### Filtering Time

It refers to the duration time after the target temperature reaches or exceeds the pre-alarm temperature/alarm temperature.

### Temperature Sudden Change Alarm

**Temperature Sudden Increase** and **OFF** are selectable. When the temperature change value in the drawn area exceeds the set alarm threshold, the device triggers an alarm.

### Sudden Change Alarm Value

Set the temperature change alarm threshold for the rule. When the difference between the max. temperature and the min. temperature in the recording cycle exceeds the set alarm value, the device triggers an alarm.

### Cycle

Set the recording period of the temperature change.

2. **Optional:** Set **Area's Temperature Comparison** rules. Select two areas and set the comparison rule, and set the temperature difference threshold. The device alarms when the temperature difference meets the setting value.
3. Save the settings.

## Set Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm

In interval temperature measurement alarm mode, the device will output alarm when the detected temperature of the full screen (normal mode) or the thermography rules (expert mode) triggers the set rule.

### Before You Start

Select **Alarm Mode** as **Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm** first in basic settings.

## Steps

1. Select an **Alarm Rule** in **Interval Temperature Measurement Alarm** section.



## 2. Select an Alarm Type.

---

### Note

In normal mode, the device measures temperature of the full screen. In expert mode, the device measures the temperature of thermography rules.

---

## 3. Check **Alarm Area Rule**, and click **Set** to configure the alarm rule parameters.

## 4. Edit the interval name, temperature range and alarm rule color.

---

### Note

If you select Temperature Range, the device triggers an alarm when the highest temperature in the scene is lower than the max. temperature, or when the lowest temperature in the scene is not lower than the min. temperature. If you select Out of Temperature Range, the device triggers an alarm when the highest temperature in the scene is higher than the max. temperature, or when the lowest temperature in the scene is not higher than the min. temperature.

---

## 5. Select the alarm output channel.

---

### Note

The function varies according to different models.


---

## 6. **Optional:** In expert mode, you can click **Copy to...** to copy current settings for other thermography rules.

## 5.3 Manual Thermography

After enable the manual thermography function of the device, you can click any position on the live view to show the real temperature.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Local** and check **Display Temperature Info..**
2. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Basic Parameter .**
3. Check **Enable Temperature Measurement.**
4. Click **Save.**
5. Go to live view interface and select thermal channel, click  . Click any position on the interface to show the real temperature.

## 5.4 Integration

Users can obtain the pixel-to-pixel thermometry data of the device through the persistent connection management. The data can be used for secondary development and integration.

## 5.4.1 Pixel-to-Pixel Thermometry

Users can configure general thermometry and data upload parameters to obtain pixel-to-pixel thermometry data, thermometry rule information, and pictures. This function can be used for secondary integration.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Integration > Pixel-to-Pixel Thermometry**.
2. Configure the parameters.

#### **Emissivity**

Set the emissivity of your target. The emissivity of each object is different.

#### **Distance**

The distance between the target and the device.

#### **Reflective Temperature**

If there is any object reflecting to the target, e.g., a mirror, enter the background temperature value/the reflecting object's temperature value. If not, skip the settings.

#### **Data Length**

It stands for the data length of the detected temperature information of every pixel. 2 means the temperature information type of every pixel is "short", and 4 means the type is "float".

#### **Max. Frame Rate**

The max. frame rate of upload stream for further integration. High frame rate requires more upload bandwidth.

#### **Refreshing Interval of Temperature Mapping Table**

It stands for the frame interval of refreshing the temperature mapping table. Temperature mapping table tells the relation between detected data and the temperature of a pixel. For example, if you set it as 50 (means every 50 frames), and the frame rate as 25 fps, then the table refreshes every 2 seconds, which also means the displayed temperature data refreshes every 2 seconds.

#### **Display Thermometry Rule Info. on Picture**

Check this function, pictures with thermometry rule info will be uploaded.

#### **Upload Thermal Picture**

Check this function, then the thermal picture is uploaded together with the pixel-to-pixel thermometry data.

 **Note**


The parameters above such as Emissivity, Distance, Reflective Temperature, etc. are only applied in integration, which will not affect the configuration in thermometry parameters and rules.

3. Click **Save**.

## 5.4.2 Integration Calibration

Integration calibration can improve temperature measurement accuracy. You can configure integration calibration via external optical calibration and temperature rise calibration, depending on whether the integrated device has germanium window. Use **External Optical Calibration** for integrated devices with germanium window, and **Temperature Rise Calibration** for integrated devices without germanium window.

**Table 5-1 Integration Calibration**

Calibration Type	Calibration Method	
<b>External Optical Calibration</b>	<p><b>Optical Transmissivity</b> Set the optical transmissivity of external optical material (e.g. germanium window) to improve the temperature measuring accuracy.</p> <p><b>Calibration Coefficient</b> Check <b>Enable Calibration Coefficient</b> and set the value of calibration coefficient to get the temperature of the external window or optical material automatically. The setting range is 0 to 30. You can obtain the setting value from SDK software.</p> <p><b>External Optics/Window Correction</b> Set the temperature of the external window or optical material (e.g. germanium window) to correct the measured temperature.</p>	
<b>Temperature Rise Calibration</b> You can calibrate the device via temperature calibration or correction file.	Temperature Calibration	1. Input <b>Stable Ambient Temperature</b> . 2. Check <b>Blackbody Calibration</b> , and input temperature, emissivity. 3. Check <b>Enable</b> to start calibration. 4. Click <b>Save</b> to save the settings.
	Correction File	1. Input <b>Stable Ambient Temperature</b> . 2. Click  , and select the correction file that suits the current mode of the device.

Calibration Type	Calibration Method
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>3. Click <b>Import</b> and <b>Enable</b>.</li><li>4. <b>Optional</b>. Click <b>Export</b> to export the calibration file of the current device mode to apply it to devices used in the same scenarios.</li><li>5. Click <b>Save</b> to save the settings.</li></ol>

## **Note**

Temperature rise calibration is supported only during the first 30 minutes after the device is powered on.

---

### 5.4.3 Persistent Connection Management

This function shows the maximum connections that the device supported for real-time pixel-to-pixel thermometry data uploading and real-time rule thermometry data uploading, and the currently established connections and their parameters. The real-time pixel-to-pixel thermometry data is uploaded using SDK or RTSP protocol, and the real-time rule thermometry data is uploaded using SDK or ISAPI protocol. The real-time rule thermometry data uploaded includes the thermometry rule and the thermometry result.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Integration > Persistent Connection Management** .
2. Click **Refresh** to obtain the latest connection status of the device.

### 5.5 Collect Diagnosis Information

Collect the temperature measurement original data of the regular frame and superimpose it in the stream to facilitate the export and analysis of subsequent data.

#### Steps

1. Access **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Device Debugging > Diagnosis Information Collection** .
2. Check **Add Original Data on Capture** to overlay the raw device data on the temperature alarm capture.

---

## Note

- **Add Original Data on Capture** and **Display Radiometric Info. on Capture** cannot be enabled simultaneously. When both the two functions are enabled, only the function enabled later takes effect.
- You can go to **Event Center > Temperature Measurement > Temperature Measurement Parameter > Overlay & Capture** to enable or disable **Display Radiometric Info. on Capture**.

---

3. Check **Add Original Data on Stream** to overlay the raw data in the corresponding video streams which can be downloaded subsequently along with the video files through the playback download function.

4. Select **Original Data Overlay Rule**.

### **Temperature Measurement Frame**

All the raw data used to temperature measurement frame is superimposed on the stream.

### **Temperature Measurement Alarm Frame**

The raw data of the frame that triggered the temperature measurement alarm will be superimposed on the stream.

### **By Temperature Range**

When the maximum temperature value is detected to exceed the set temperature range, the raw data of that frame will be superimposed in the stream.

### **Temperature Range**

When the temperature value is out of temperature range, the raw data in the frame will be superimposed in the stream.

### **By Refresh Interval**

The raw data of the original data refresh frame is superimposed on the stream.

### **Data Refresh Interval**

Raw data refresh interval.

5. Click **Save**.



## Chapter 6 Event and Alarm

This part introduces the configuration of events. The device takes certain response to triggered alarm. Certain events may not be supported by certain device models.

### 6.1 Set Motion Detection

It helps to detect the moving objects in the detection region and trigger the linkage actions.

#### Steps


1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Motion Detection** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. **Optional:** Highlight to display the moving object in the image in green.
  - 1) Check **Enable Dynamic Analysis for Motion**.
  - 2) Go to **Configuration > Local** .
  - 3) Set **Rules** to **Enable**.
4. Select mode in **Configuration**.
  - Normal Mode: The device detects motion according to the parameters you configured.
  - Expert Mode: The device detects motion for different areas according to the configured parameters.
5. Set rule region and rule parameters.
  - 1) Set the **Sensitivity** of normal mode. The higher the value of sensitivity is, the more sensitive the motion detection is. If the sensitivity is set to 0, motion detection and dynamic analysis do not take effect.
  - 2) Click  . Click and drag the mouse on the live image, and then right click the mouse to finish drawing one area.
  - 3) Click  to clear all the areas.
  - 4) In **Expert Mode**, you can set the parameters of multiple areas by repeating the above steps.
6. Set the arming schedule and linkage methods. For the information about arming schedule settings, see *[Set Arming Schedule](#)* . For the information about linkage methods, see *[Linkage Method Settings](#)* .
7. Click **Save**.

### 6.2 Set Video Tampering Alarm

When the configured area is covered and cannot be monitored normally, the alarm is triggered and the device takes certain alarm response actions.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Video Tampering** .

2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set the **Sensitivity**. The higher the value is, the easier to detect the area covering.
4. Click  and drag the mouse in the live view to draw the area.

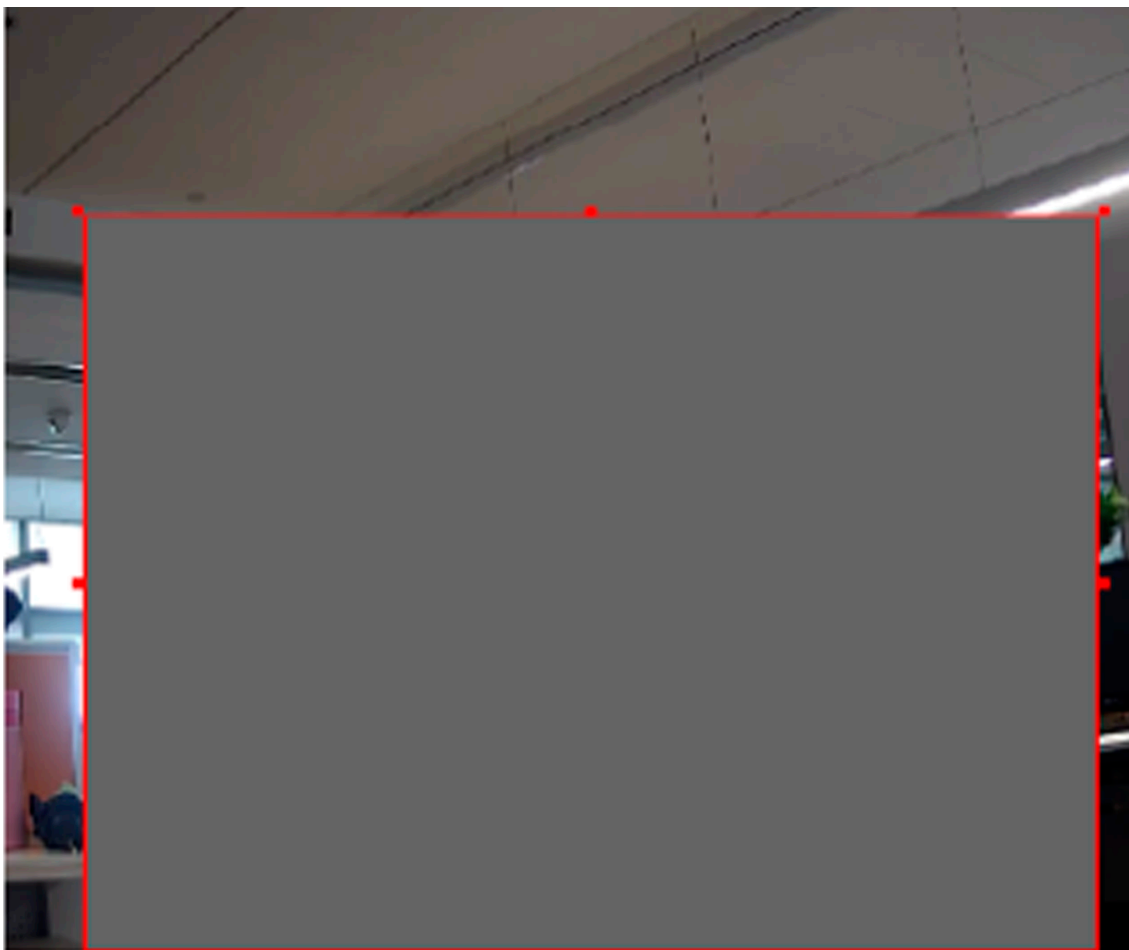



Figure 6-1 Set Video Tampering Area

5. **Optional:** Click  to delete all the drawn areas.
6. Refer to ***Set Arming Schedule*** for setting scheduled time. Refer to ***Linkage Method Settings*** for setting linkage method.
7. Click **Save**.

### 6.3 Set Alarm Input

Alarm signal from the external device triggers the corresponding actions of the current device.

## Before You Start

---


### Note

This function is only supported by certain models.

---

Make sure the external alarm device is connected. See *Quick Start Guide* for cable connection.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Alarm Input** .
2. Select an **Alarm Input NO.** and click  to set alarm input.
3. Select **Alarm Type** from the dropdown list. Edit the **Alarm Name**.
4. Check **Enable Alarm Input Handling**.
5. Refer to *Set Arming Schedule* for setting scheduled time. Refer to *Linkage Method Settings* for setting linkage method.
6. Click **Save**.

## 6.4 Set Exception Alarm

Exception such as network disconnection can trigger the device to take corresponding action.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Exception** .
2. Select **Exception Type**.

<b>HDD Full</b>	The HDD storage is full.
<b>HDD Error</b>	Error occurs in HDD.
<b>Network Disconnected</b>	The device is offline.
<b>IP Address Conflicted</b>	The IP address of current device is same as that of other device in the network.
<b>Illegal Login</b>	Incorrect user name or password is entered.
<b>Calibration File Exception</b>	The calibration file is modified or deleted. The temperature accuracy may be affected.

3. Refer to *Linkage Method Settings* for setting linkage method.
4. Click **Save**.

## 6.5 Set Burning-Prevention

This function is used to close the shutter to prevent the thermal detector from high temperature damage.



## Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Burning-Prevention** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select burning-prevention mode.

### Auto

The shutter will be closed automatically when detecting high temperature target. You can set the protection duration. The shutter is closed in the duration.

### Manual

You can set the shutter status to open or closed as desired.

4. **Optional:** Check **Burning Recovery** to recover the live view image when the thermal detector is damaged by high temperature target.



### Note

Burning recovery only works on temporary and recoverable burning damages. If you enable this function, the device will finish the burning recovery in 6 min after the shutter opens.

- 
5. Click **Save**.

## 6.6 Set Environment Temperature Alarm

When the environment temperature is too high, the device triggers an alarm.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Environment Temperature Alarm** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set the **Alarm Temperature** and **Alarm Interval**.
4. Refer to ***Set Arming Schedule*** for setting scheduled time. Refer to ***Linkage Method Settings*** for setting linkage method.
5. Check **Enable** to enable this function.

## 6.7 Module Order

You can connect the device with the third-party alarm host based on the customized module order, such as HTTP order.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Basic Event > Module Order** .
2. Go to **HTTP Order** and check **Enable**.
3. Select the HTTP order from the list and input URL to configure the HTTP server. Up to 10 HTTP orders are supported.
4. **Optional:** Input the username and password if required.
5. Click **Test** to test the HTTP server connection.

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You can select configured HTTP orders as the linkage method of smart events including **Alarm Input**, **Perimeter Protection**, and **Temperature Measurement**. The alarm or pre-alarm information will upload to the selected HTTP server.

---

 **Note**

HTTP order linkage is only supported when you check **Enable**.

---

## Chapter 7 Arming Schedule and Alarm Linkage

Arming schedule is a customized time period in which the device performs certain tasks. Alarm linkage is the response to the detected certain incident or target during the scheduled time.

### 7.1 Set Arming Schedule

Set the valid time of the device tasks.

#### Steps

1. **Optional:** Click **Arming Schedule and Linkage Method** in the related event interface.
2. Click **Edit** behind **Arming Schedule**.
3. Click **Draw**, and drag the time bar to draw desired valid time.

---

#### Note

- Each cell represents 30 minutes.
- Move the mouse over the drawn time period to see specific time periods and fine-tune the start time and end time.
- Up to 8 periods can be configured for one day.

- 
4. Click **Erase**, and drag the time bar to clear selected valid time.
  5. Click **OK** to save the settings.

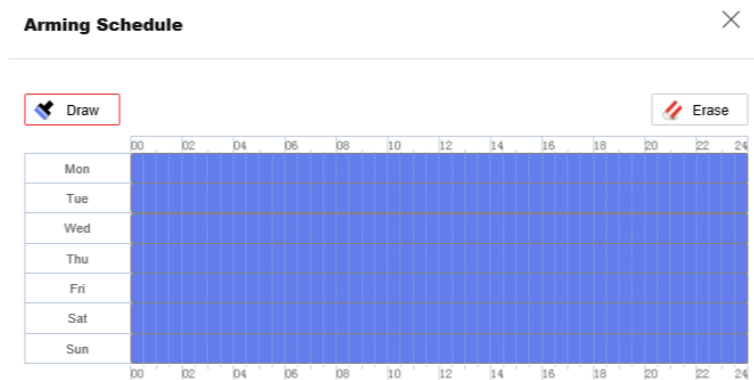


Figure 7-1 Set Arming Schedule

### 7.2 Linkage Method Settings

You can enable the linkage functions when an event or alarm occurs.

## 7.2.1 Send Email

Check **Send Email**, and the device sends an email to the designated addresses with alarm information when an alarm event is detected.

For email settings, refer to ***Set Email***.

### Set Email

When the email is configured and **Send Email** is enabled as a linkage method, the device sends an email notification to all designated recipients if an alarm event is detected.

#### Before You Start

Set the DNS server before using the Email function. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > TCP/IP** for DNS settings.

#### Steps

1. Go to email settings page: **Configuration > Event > Alarm Setting > Email** .
2. Set email parameters.
  - 1) Input the sender's email information, including the **Sender's Address**, **SMTP Server**, and **SMTP Port**.
  - 2) **Optional**: If your email server requires authentication, check **Authentication** and input your user name and password to log in to the server.
  - 3) Set the **E-mail Encryption**.
    - When you select **TLS**, and disable **STARTTLS**, emails are sent after encrypted by TLS. The SMTP port should be set as 465.
    - When you select **TLS** and check **Enable STARTTLS**, emails are sent after encrypted by STARTTLS, and the **SMTP Port** should be set as 25.

---

#### Note

If you want to use STARTTLS, make sure that the protocol is supported by your email server. If you check the **Enable STARTTLS** while the protocol is not supported by your email sever, your email is sent with no encryption.

---

- 4) **Optional**: If you want to receive notification with alarm pictures, check **Attached Picture**. The notification email has a certain number of attached alarm pictures about the event with configurable image capturing interval.
- 

#### Note

The number of alarm pictures may vary according to different device models and different events.

---

- 5) Input the recipient's information, including the recipient's name and address.
  - 6) Click **Test** to see if the function is well configured.
3. Click **Save**.

## 7.2.2 Notify Surveillance Center

Check **Notify Surveillance Center**, the alarm information is uploaded to the surveillance center when an alarm event is detected.

## 7.2.3 FTP/NAS Uploading

If you have enabled and configured the FTP/NAS uploading, the device sends the alarm information to the FTP server, network attached storage when an alarm is triggered.

Refer to **Set FTP** to set the FTP server.

Refer to **Set NAS** for NAS configuration.

Refer to **Set Disk** for disk storage configuration.

## 7.2.4 Trigger Alarm Output

If the device has been connected to an alarm output device, and the alarm output No. has been configured, the device sends alarm information to the connected alarm output device when an alarm is triggered.

### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Alarm Setting > Alarm Output** .
2. Set alarm output parameters.

**Automatic Alarm** For the information about the configuration, see **Automatic Alarm** .

**Manual Alarm** For the information about the configuration, see **Manual Alarm** .


## Manual Alarm

You can trigger an alarm output manually.

### Before You Start

Make sure the alarm output device is connected to the device.

### Steps

1. Select the **Alarm Output No.** according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device. Click  to set alarm parameters.

#### Alarm Name

Custom a name for the alarm output.

2. Click **Manual Alarm** to enable manual alarm output.
3. **Optional:** Click **Clear Alarm** to disable manual alarm output.


## Automatic Alarm

Set the automatic alarm parameters, then the device triggers an alarm output automatically in the set arming schedule.

### Before You Start

Make sure the alarm output device is connected to the device.

### Steps

1. Select the **Alarm Output No.** according to the alarm interface connected to the external alarm device. Click  to set alarm parameters.

#### Alarm Name

Custom a name for the alarm output.

#### Delay

It refers to the time duration that the alarm output remains after an alarm occurs.

2. Set the alarming schedule. For the information about the settings, see [\*\*\*Set Arming Schedule\*\*\*](#).
3. **Optional:** Click **Copy to...** to copy the parameters to other alarm output channels.
4. Click **Save**.

## Alarm Output Self-Check

You can enable the function to regularly self-check the connection between the device and the alarm server.

### Steps

1. Check **Enable Auto Trigger**.
2. Set **Trigger Time**, and the device will trigger an alarm output to the alarm server automatically in the set time.
3. Set **Auto Trigger Delay**. It refers to the time duration that the alarm output remains in effect after the auto trigger.
4. Click **Save**.

## 7.2.5 Trigger Recording

Check **Trigger Recording**, and the device records the video about the detected alarm event. For recording settings, refer to [\*\*\*Video Recording and Picture Capture\*\*\*](#).

## 7.2.6 Alarm Server

The device can send alarms to destination IP address or host name through HTTP, HTTPS, or ISUP protocol. The destination IP address or host name should support HTTP, HTTPS, or ISUP data transmission.

### Set Alarm Server

#### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Alarm Setting > Alarm Server** .
2. Enter **Destination IP or Host Name, URL, and Port**.
3. Select **Protocol**.

s

---

#### Note

HTTP, HTTPS, and ISUP are selectable. It is recommended to use HTTPS, as it encrypts the data transmission during communication.

---

4. Click **Test** to check if the IP or host is available.
5. Click **Save**.

## 7.2.7 Metadata

Metadata is the raw data that the device collects before algorithm processing. It is often used for the third party integration.

Go to **Event Center > Alarm Setting > Metadata** to enable metadata uploading of the desired function.

### Temperature Measurement


The metadata of temperature measurement includes the target ID, target coordinate, time, etc.

## 7.2.8 External Alarm Module

You can connect the device with the external alarm module to send alarm to the external device.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Event Center > Alarm Setting > External Alarm Module** .
2. Click **Add** to add an external device.
3. Select the protocol, and enter **Device IP, Management Port, Transfer Protocol**. For Arteco protocol, you should enter extra **User Name** and **Password**.
4. Click **OK**.

- 5. Optional:** Select the added device, click **Modify** to edit the device information, or click **Delete** to delete it from the list.
- 6.** Click  to add alarm input and output rules.



## Chapter 8 Network Settings

### 8.1 TCP/IP

TCP/IP settings must be properly configured before you operate the device over network. IPv4 and IPv6 are both supported. Both versions can be configured simultaneously without conflicting to each other.

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > TCP/IP** for parameter settings.

#### NIC Type

Select a NIC (Network Interface Card) type according to your network condition.

#### IPv4

Two IPv4 modes are available.

##### DHCP

The device automatically gets the IPv4 parameters from the network if you check **DHCP**. The device IP address is changed after enabling the function. You can use SADP to get the device IP address.

---

#### Note

The network that the device is connected to should support DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).

---

##### Manual

You can set the device IPv4 parameters manually. Input **IPv4 Address**, **IPv4 Subnet Mask**, and **IPv4 Default Gateway**, and click **Test** to see if the IP address is available.

#### IPv6

Three IPv6 modes are available.

##### Route Advertisement

The IPv6 address is generated by combining the route advertisement and the device Mac address.

---

#### Note

Route advertisement mode requires the support from the router that the device is connected to.

---

##### DHCP

The IPv6 address is assigned by the server, router, or gateway.

##### Manual

Input **IPv6 Address**, **IPv6 Subnet**, **IPv6 Default Gateway**. Consult the network administrator for required information.

## MTU

It stands for maximum transmission unit. It is the size of the largest protocol data unit that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction.

The valid value range of MTU is 1280 to 1500.

## DNS

It stands for domain name server. It is required if you need to visit the device with domain name. And it is also required for some applications (e.g., sending email). Set **Preferred DNS Server** and **Alternate DNS server** properly if needed.

### Domain Name Settings

Check **Enable Dynamic Domain Name** and input **Register Domain Name**. The device is registered under the register domain name for easier management within the local area network.



#### Note

**DHCP** should be enabled for the dynamic domain name to take effect.

---

## 8.1.1 Multicast Discovery

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > TCP/IP** to enable this function. Check the **Enable Multicast Discovery**, and then the online network camera can be automatically detected by client software via private multicast protocol in the LAN.

## 8.1.2 Multicast

Multicast is group communication where data transmission is addressed to a group of destination devices simultaneously.

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > TCP/IP** to set IP address, i.e., the address of multicast host.

## 8.2 Access to Device via Domain Name

You can use the Dynamic DNS (DDNS) for network access. The dynamic IP address of the device can be mapped to a domain name resolution server to realize the network access via domain name.

### Before You Start

Registration on the DDNS server is required before configuring the DDNS settings of the device.

## Steps

1. Refer to *TCP/IP* to set DNS parameters.
2. Go to the DDNS settings page: **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > DDNS** .
3. Check **Enable** and select **DDNS Type**.

### DynDNS

Dynamic DNS server is used for domain name resolution.

### NO-IP

NO-IP server is used for domain name resolution.

4. Input the domain name information, and click **Save**.
5. Check the device ports and complete port mapping. Refer to *Port Mapping* for port mapping settings.
6. Access the device.

**By Browsers**                      Enter the domain name in the browser address bar to access the device.

**By Client Software**          Add domain name to the client software. Refer to the client manual for specific adding methods.

## 8.3 Access to Device via PPPoE Dial Up Connection

This device supports the PPPoE auto dial-up function. The device gets a public IP address by ADSL dial-up after the device is connected to a modem. You need to configure the PPPoE parameters of the device.

## Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > PPPoE** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Set the PPPoE parameters.

### Dynamic IP

After successful dial-up, the dynamic IP address of the WAN is displayed.

### User Name

User name for dial-up network access.

### Password

Password for dial-up network access.

### Confirm

Input your dial-up password again.

4. Click **Save**.
5. Access the device.

**By Browsers**                      Enter the WAN dynamic IP address in the browser address bar to access the device.

## By Client Software

Add the WAN dynamic IP address to the client software. Refer to the client manual for details.

---

### Note

The obtained IP address is dynamically assigned via PPPoE, so the IP address always changes after rebooting the camera. To solve the inconvenience of the dynamic IP, you need to get a domain name from the DDNS provider (e.g. DynDns.com). Refer to ***Access to Device via Domain Name*** for detail information.

---

## 8.4 SNMP

You can set the SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) to get device information in network management.

### Before You Start

Before setting the SNMP, you should download the SNMP software and manage to receive the device information via SNMP port.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > SNMP**.
  2. Check **Enable SNMPv1, Enable SNMP v2c or Enable SNMPv3**.
- 

### Note

The SNMP version you select should be the same as that of the SNMP software. And you also need to use the different version according to the security level required. SNMP v1 is not secure and SNMP v2 requires password for access. And SNMP v3 provides encryption and if you use the third version, HTTPS protocol must be enabled.

---

3. Configure the SNMP settings.
4. Click **Save**.

## 8.5 Set IEEE 802.1X

You can authenticate user permission of the connected device by setting IEEE 802.1X.

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > 802.1X**, and enable the function.

Select protocol and version according to router information. User name and password of server are required.

---

### Note

- If you set the **Protocol** to **EAP-TLS**, select the **Client Certificate** and **CA Certificate**.
  - If the function is abnormal, check if the selected certificate is abnormal in **Certificate Management**.
-

## 8.6 Set QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) can help improve the network delay and network congestion by setting the priority of data sending.

---

### Note

QoS needs support from network device such as router and switch.

---

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Settings > QoS** .
2. Set **Video/Audio DSCP, Event/Alarm DSCP** and **Management DSCP**.

---

### Note

Network can identify the priority of data transmission. The bigger the DSCP value is, the higher the priority is. You need to set the same value in router while configuration.

---

3. Click **Save**.

## 8.7 HTTP(S)

HTTP is an application-layer protocol for transmitting hypermedia documents. HTTPS is a network protocol that enables encrypted transmission and identity authentication, which improves the security of remote access.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Service > HTTP(S)** .
2. Enter **HTTP Port**.

---

### Note

It refers to the port through which the browser accesses the device. For example, when the **HTTP Port** is modified to 81, you need to enter `http://192.168.1.64:81` in the browser for login.

---

3. Check **Enable** in **HTTPS**.

---

### Note

You can click **TLS Settings** to set the TLS version that the device supports. Refer to for details.

---

4. Enter **HTTPS Port**.
5. **Optional**: Check **HTTPS Browsing** to access the device only via HTTPS protocol.
6. Select **Server Certificate**.
7. Set **Web Authentication**.  
**Authentication**

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when WEB request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

### Digest Algorithm

MD5, SHA256 and MD5/SHA256 encrypted algorithm in WEB authentication. If you enable the digest algorithm except for MD5, the third-party platform might not be able to log in to the device or enable live view because of compatibility. The encrypted algorithm with high strength is recommended.

8. Click **Save**.

## 8.8 RTSP

RTSP (Real Time Streaming Protocol) is an application-layer controlling protocol for streaming media.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Service > RTSP** .
2. Enter **Port**.
3. Set **RTSP Authentication**.

### Authentication

Digest and digest/basic are supported, which means authentication information is needed when RTSP request is sent to the device. If you select **digest/basic**, it means the device supports digest or basic authentication. If you select **digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

### Digest Algorithm

MD5, SHA256 and MD5/SHA256 encrypted algorithm in RTSP authentication. If you enable the digest algorithm except for MD5, the third-party platform might not be able to log in to the device or enable live view because of compatibility. The encrypted algorithm with high strength is recommended.

4. Click **Save**.

## 8.9 Bonjour

It is an implementation of zero-configuration networking (zeroconf), a group of technologies that includes service discovery, address assignment, and hostname resolution. Bonjour locates devices such as printers, other computers, and the services that those devices offer on a local network using multicast Domain Name System (mDNS) service records.

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Service > Bonjour** to enable the function, and click **Save**.

After enabling the function, the device spread and receive service information in local area network.

## 8.10 WebSocket(s)

WebSocket or WebSockets protocol should be enabled if you use Google Chrome 57 and its above version or Mozilla Firefox 52 and its above version to visit the device. Otherwise, live view, image capture, digital zoom, etc. cannot be used.

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Service > WebSocket(s)** to set parameters, and click **Save**.

### WebSocket

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview via HTTP protocol.

### WebSockets

TCP-based full-duplex communication protocol port for plug-in free preview via HTTPS protocol.

## 8.11 Modbus Communication

During communicating with Modbus protocol, the camera can function as the main or the subordinate for transmitting temperature measurement and temperature measurement alarm data, or responding to temperature measurement parameter configuration requests from the main.

Please select the device mode and configure the communication rules and parameters according to the demand to ensure the security of data transmission under the premise of satisfying the data access of the device.

Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Service > Modbus** to configure the Modbus.

### 8.11.1 Set Modbus Main Mode

Configure the device as the main server which actively uploads data to the subordinate according to set rules without sending requests.

#### Steps

1. Select the **Device Mode** as **Main**.
2. Check to enable the function of transmitting data via Modbus.
3. Click **Add** to configure the transmission parameters between the device and the subordinate.

## Subordinate Name

Customized subordinate for distinguishing between different subordinates.

## Connection type

---

### Note

Only when **Configuration > System > System Settings > RS-485** is selected as main mode, the RS-485 connection type can be supported.

---

## TCP

When connecting the device and the subordinate via the RJ45 interface, the TCP connection type can be selected. Multiple connections can be implemented through the TCP type, but the IP/decoding address and port of the TCP connection cannot be duplicated.

## RS-485

Before selecting an RS-485 connection, make sure that the connection between the device and the subordinate has been established through the RS-485 connector on the body. And only 1 RS-485 connection can be supported.

## Response Timeout(s)

When the response timeout occurs, the device displays the error code **11**, then it will resend the data, and when the response timeout occurs for three consecutive times, it will discard the current data and send the next data.

## Upload Interval(s)

The time interval during the device uploads data to the subordinate.

4. Click **OK** to view the status.
  5. Click **Test** to refresh the status.
- 

### Note

- If the connection status displays **online**, the device is connected to the subordinate normally; if it displays **offline**, the device is disconnected from the subordinate, which may be caused by the subordinate not being online. If the status shows **Error**, refer to the contents of the error code description below to diagnose the connection problem.
  - Click **Edit** or **Delete** to re-edit the subordinate parameters or delete the added subordinate.
- 
6. Configure the contents to be uploaded to the registers of subordinate.
    - 1) Click **Add**.
    - 2) Check the contents to be uploaded.
    - 3) Select the Rule ID to be uploaded, and the device uploads the temperature measurement information corresponding to the expert temperature measurement rule.
    - 4) Enter the register starting address and register ending address.



---

## Note

In a single subordinate configuration, all register addresses cannot be duplicated or conflicted.

---

- 5) Click **OK**.
7. Click **Save**.

## 8.11.2 Set Modbus Subordinate Mode

Configure the device as the subordinate server, the main can read the temperature measurement data of the device or write the temperature measurement parameters of the device. The form of authorized access can improve data communication security.

### Steps

---

## Note

You can set the Modbus TCP port, go to **Configuration > Network > Basic Settings > Port** .

---

1. Select the **Device Mode** as **Subordinate**.
2. Select Register Mode.

### Register Mode

#### Read Only

The client can only read all the register data.

#### Read/Write

The client can read while configure the device using the Modbus TCP protocol.

3. Check **Enable Authorized IP Addresses** and click **Add** to add IP addresses that are allowed to access to the device.
- 

## Note

With regard to the network security risk, it is recommended to limit permission only to trusted IP addresses.

---

## 8.11.3 Modbus Error Code Description

If communication of Modbus is abnormal, an error code will be returned. Please refer to the following table to check the meaning of the error code to help troubleshoot Modbus communication problems.

**Table 8-1 Modbus Error Code Description**

Error Code	Name	Description
01	Illegal Function	The function code received in the query is not an allowable action for the server. This may be because the function code is only applicable to newer devices, and was not implemented in the unit selected. It could also indicate that the server is in the wrong state to process a request of this type, for example because it is unconfigured and is being asked to return register values.
02	Illegal Data Address	The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the server. More specifically, the combination of reference number and transfer length is invalid. For a controller with 100 registers, the PDU addresses the first register as 0, and the last one as 99. If a request is submitted with a starting register address of 96 and a quantity of registers of 4, then this request will successfully operate (address-wise at least) on registers 96, 97, 98, 99. If a request is submitted with a starting register address of 96 and a quantity of registers of 5, then this request will fail with Exception Code 0x02 "Illegal Data Address" since it attempts to operate on registers 96, 97, 98, 99 and 100, and there is no register with address 100.
03	Illegal Data Value	A value contained in the query data field is not an allowable value for server. This indicates a fault in the structure of the remainder of a complex request, such as that the implied length is incorrect. It specifically does NOT mean that a data item submitted for storage in a register has a value outside the expectation of the application program, since the Modbus protocol is unaware of the significance of any particular value of any particular register.
04	Server Device Failure	An unrecoverable error occurred while the server was attempting to perform the requested action.

Error Code	Name	Description
05	Acknowledge	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands. The server has accepted the request and is processing it, but a long duration of time will be required to do so. This response is returned to prevent a timeout error from occurring in the client. The client can next issue a Poll Program Complete message to determine if processing is completed.
06	Server Device Busy	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands. The server is engaged in processing a long- duration program command. The client should retransmit the message later when the server is free.
08	Memory Parity Error	Specialized use in conjunction with function codes 20 and 21 and reference type 6, to indicate that the extended file area failed to pass a consistency check. The server attempted to read record file, but detected a parity error in the memory. The client can retry the request, but service may be required on the server device.
10	Gateway Path Unavailable	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways, indicates that the gateway was unable to allocate an intern communication path from the input port to the output port for processing the request. Usually means that the gateway is misconfigured or overload.
11	Gateway Target Device Failed to Response	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways, indicates that no response was obtained from the target device. Usually means that device is not present on the network.

### 8.12 Port Mapping

By setting port mapping, you can access devices through the specified port.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Network Service > NAT** .
2. Select the port mapping mode.

**Auto Port Mapping** Refer to *[Set Auto Port Mapping](#)* for detailed information.

**Manual Port Mapping** Refer to *[Set Manual Port Mapping](#)* for detailed information.

3. Click **Save**.

## 8.12.1 Set Auto Port Mapping

### Steps

1. Check **Enable UPnP™**, and choose a friendly name for the camera, or you can use the default name.
2. Select the port mapping mode to **Auto**.
3. Click **Save**.



### Note

UPnP™ function on the router should be enabled at the same time.

---

## 8.12.2 Set Manual Port Mapping

### Steps

1. Check **Enable UPnP™**, and choose a friendly name for the device, or you can use the default name.
2. Select the port mapping mode to **Manual**, and set the external port to be the same as the internal port.
3. Click **Save**.

### What to do next

Go to the router port mapping settings interface and set the port number and IP address to be the same as those on the device. For more information, refer to the router user manual.

## 8.13 Set OTAP

The device can be accessed to the maintenance platform via OTAP protocol, in order to search and acquire device information, upload device status and alarm information, reboot and update the device.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Platform Access > OTAP** to enable the function.
2. Set related parameters.
3. Click **Test** to check if the device connects to server.
4. Click **Save**.

**Register Status** turns to **Online** when the function is correctly set.

## 8.14 Set ISUP

When the device is registered on ISUP platform (formerly called Ehome), you can visit and manage the device, transmit data, and forward alarm information over public network.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Platform Access > ISUP** .
2. **Optional:** Select an access center.
3. Check **Enable**.
4. Select a protocol version and enter related parameters.
5. Click **Save**.

Register status turns to **Online** when the function is correctly set.

## 8.15 Access Camera via Hik-Connect

Hik-Connect is an application for mobile devices. Using the App, you can view live image, receive alarm notification and so on.

### Before You Start

Connect the camera to network with network cables.

### Steps

1. Download Hik-Connect from <https://www.hik-connect.com> and install it on your mobile device.
2. Start the application and register for a Hik-Connect user account.
3. Log in after registration.
4. In the app, tap "+" on the upper-right corner and then scan the QR code of the camera to add the camera. You can find the QR code on the package.
5. Follow the prompts to set the network connection and add the camera to your Hik-Connect account.

For detailed information, refer to the user manual of the Hik-Connect app.

### 8.15.1 Enable Hik-Connect Service on Camera

Hik-Connect service should be enabled on your camera before using the service.

You can enable the service through Web browser.

### Enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser

Follow the following steps to enable Hik-Connect Service via Web Browser.

## Before You Start

You need to activate the camera before enabling the service.

### Steps

1. Access the camera via web browser.
2. Enter platform access configuration interface. **Configuration > Network > Platform Access > Hik-Connect** .
3. Check **Enable**.
4. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy" in pop-up window.
5. Create a verification code or change the old verification code for the camera.



### Note

The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

---

6. Save the settings.

## Enable Hik-Connect Service via HIKMICRO Studio Software

This part introduce how to enable Hik-Connect service via HIKMICRO Studio software of an activated camera.

### Steps

1. Run HIKMICRO Studio software.
2. Select a camera and enter **Modify Network Parameters** page.
3. Check **Enable Hik-Connect**.
4. Create a verification code or change the old verification code.



### Note

The verification code is required when you add the camera to Hik-Connect service.

---

5. Click and read "Terms of Service" and "Privacy Policy".
6. Confirm the settings.

## 8.15.2 Set Up Hik-Connect

### Steps

1. Download Hik-Connect from <https://www.hik-connect.com> and install it on your mobile device.
2. Start the application and register for a Hik-Connect user account.
3. Log in after registration.

## 8.15.3 Add Camera to Hik-Connect

### Steps

1. Connect your mobile device to a Wi-Fi.
2. Log into the Hik-Connect app.
3. In the home page, tap "+" on the upper-right corner to add a camera.
4. Scan the QR code on camera body or on the *Quick Start Guide* cover.

---

#### Note

If the QR code is missing or too blur to be recognized, you can also add the camera by inputting the camera's serial number.

- 
5. Input the verification code of your camera.

---

#### Note

- The required verification code is the code you create or change when you enable Hik-Connect service on the camera.
- If you forget the verification code, you can check the current verification code on **Platform Access** configuration page via web browser.

- 
6. Tap **Connect to a Network** button in the popup interface.
  7. Choose **Wired Connection** or **Wireless Connection** according to your camera function.

<b>Wireless Connection</b>	Input the Wi-Fi password that your mobile phone has connected to, and tap <b>Next</b> to start the Wi-Fi connection process. (Locate the camera within 3 meters from the router when setting up the Wi-Fi.)
<b>Wired Connection</b>	Connect the camera to the router with a network cable and tap <b>Connected</b> in the result interface.

---

#### Note

The router should be the same one which your mobile phone has connected to.



- 
8. Tap **Add** in the next interface to finish adding.  
For detailed information, refer to the user manual of the Hik-Connect app.

## 8.16 Set Open Network Video Interface

If you need to access the device through Open Network Video Interface protocol, you can configure the user settings to enhance the network security.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Platform Access > Open Network Video Interface** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select an authentication mode.
  - If you select **Digest**, the device only supports digest authentication.

- If you select **Digest&ws-username token**, the device supports digest authentication or ws-username token authentication.
4. Click **Add** to configure the Open Network Video Interface user.
  5. Click **Save**.
  6. **Optional:** Repeat the steps above to add more Open Network Video Interface users.
  7. **Optional:** Manage the user.
    - Click  to delete the selected Open Network Video Interface user.
    - Click  to modify the selected Open Network Video Interface user.

### 8.17 Set SDK Service

If you want to add the device to the client software, you should enable SDK Service.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > Network > Platform Access > SDK Service** .
2. Enter the **Port** number.
3. Click **Save**.



## Chapter 9 System and Security

It introduces system maintenance, system settings and security management, and explains how to configure relevant parameters.

### 9.1 System Settings

#### 9.1.1 View Device Information

You can view device information, such as Device No., Model, Serial No. and Firmware Version.

Go to **Configuration > System Settings > Basic Information** to view the device information. You can set **Device Name** and **Device No.**, and click **Save**.

#### 9.1.2 Time and Date

You can configure time and date of the device by configuring time zone, time synchronization and Daylight Saving Time (DST).

#### Synchronize Time Manually

##### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > System Settings > Time Settings** .
2. Select **Time Zone**.
3. Select **Manual Time Sync..**
4. Choose one time synchronization method.
  - Select **Set Time**, and manually input or select date and time from the pop-up calendar.
  - Click **Sync. with computer time** to synchronize the time of the device with that of the local PC.
5. Click **Save**.

#### Set NTP Server

You can use NTP server when accurate and reliable time source is required.

##### Before You Start

Set up a NTP server or obtain NTP server information.

## Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > System Settings > Time Settings** .
  2. Select **Time Zone**.
  3. Click **NTP**.
  4. Set **Server Address, NTP Port and Interval**.
- 

## Note

Server Address is NTP server IP address.

---

5. Click **Test** to test server connection.
6. Click **Save**.

## Set DST

If the region where the device is located adopts Daylight Saving Time (DST), you can set this function.

## Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > System Settings > Time Settings** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select **Start Time, End Time and DST Bias**.
4. Click **Save**.

## 9.1.3 Set RS-232

RS-232 can be used to debug device or access peripheral device. RS-232 can realize communication between the device and computer or terminal when the communication distance is short.

### Before You Start

Connect the device to computer or terminal with RS-232 cable.

## Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > System Settings > RS-232** .
2. Set RS-232 parameters to match the device with computer or terminal.
3. Click **Save**.

## 9.1.4 Set RS-485

RS-485 is used to connect the device to external device. You can use RS-485 to transmit the data between the device and the computer or terminal when the communication distance is too long.

## Before You Start

Connect the device and computer or terminal with RS-485 cable.

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > System Settings > RS-485** .
2. Set the RS-485 parameters.

#### Device Mode

The main mode allows the device to actively upload data to subordinate. In subordinate mode, device responses the request from the main.



#### Note

Only one of the modes can be in effect at the same time.

---

#### CRC Response Transmission

Big-endian is an order in which the "big end" is stored first, at the lowest storage address. Little-endian is an order in which the "little end" is stored first.



#### Note

- You should keep the parameters of the device and the computer or terminal all the same.
  - If the **Decoder Protocol** is selected as **modbus-RTU** or **modbus-ASCII**, the temperature information can be transferred by RS-485 interface.
- 

3. Click **Save**.

## 9.1.5 Set Same Unit

Set the same temperature unit and distance unit. When you enable this function, the unit cannot be configured separately in other setting pages

### Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > System Settings > Unit Settings** .
2. Check **Use Same Unit**.
3. Set the temperature unit and distance unit.
4. Click **Save**.

## 9.2 User and Account

### 9.2.1 Set User Account and Permission

The administrator can add, modify, or delete other accounts, and grant different permission to different user levels.



## Caution

To increase security of using the device on the network, please change the password of your account regularly. Changing the password every 3 months is recommended. If the device is used in high-risk environment, it is recommended that the password should be changed every month or week.

---

## Steps

1. Go to **Configuration > System > User Management > User Management** .
2. Click **Add**. Enter **User Name**, select **Level**, and enter **Password**. Assign remote permission to users based on needs.

### Administrator


The administrator has the authority to all operations and can add users and operators and assign permission.


### User

Users can be assigned permission of viewing live video, setting PTZ parameters, and changing their own passwords, but no permission for other operations.

### Operator

Operators can be assigned all permission except for operations on the administrator and creating accounts.

**Modify** Select a user and click  to change the password and permission.

**Delete** Select a user and click  .

---



## Note

The administrator can add up to 31 user accounts.

---

3. Click **OK**.

## 9.2.2 Simultaneous Login

The administrator can set the maximum number of users logging into the system through web browser simultaneously.

Go to **Configuration > System > User Management > Online Users** , click **General**, and set **Simultaneous Login**.

## 9.2.3 Online Users

The information of users logging into the device is shown.

Go to **Configuration > System > User Management > Online Users** to view the list of online users.

## 9.3 Maintenance

### 9.3.1 Restart

You can restart the device via browser.

Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Restart** , and click **Restart**.

### 9.3.2 Upgrade

#### Before You Start

You need to obtain the correct upgrade package.



#### Caution

DO NOT disconnect power during the process, and the device restarts automatically after upgrade.

---

#### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Upgrade** .
2. Choose one method to upgrade.

**Firmware**                      Locate the exact path of the upgrade file.

**Firmware Directory**    Locate the directory which the upgrade file belongs to.

3. Click  to select the upgrade file.
4. Click **Upgrade**.

### 9.3.3 Restore and Default

Restore and Default helps restore the device parameters to the default settings.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Backup and Restore** .
2. Click **Restore** or **Default** according to your needs.

**Restore**    Reset device parameters, except user information, IP parameters and video format to the default settings.

**Default**    Reset all the parameters to the factory default.



#### Note

Be careful when using this function. After resetting to the factory default, all the parameters are reset to the default settings.

---

## 9.3.4 Import and Export Configuration File

It helps speed up batch configuration on other devices with the same parameters.

### Steps

1. Export configuration file.
  - 1) Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Backup and Restore > Backup** .
  - 2) Click **Export** and input the encryption password to export the current configuration file.
  - 3) Set the saving path to save the configuration file in local computer.
2. Import configuration file.
  - 1) Access the device that needs to be configured via web browser.
  - 2) Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Backup and Restore > Reset** .
  - 3) Click  to select the saved configuration file.
  - 4) Input the encryption password you have set when exporting the configuration file.
  - 5) Click **Import**.

## 9.3.5 Search and Manage Log

Log helps locate and troubleshoot problems.

### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Log** .
2. Set search conditions **Major Type, Minor Type, Start Time, and End Time**.
3. Click **Search**.

The matched log files will be displayed on the log list.
4. **Optional:** Click **Export** to save the log files in your computer.

## 9.3.6 Search Security Audit Logs

You can search and analyze the security log files of the device so as to find out the illegal intrusion and troubleshoot the security events.

### Steps



#### Note

This function is only supported by certain camera models.

---

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Security Audit Log** .
2. Select log types, **Start Time, and End Time**.
3. Click **Search**.

The log files that match the search conditions will be displayed on the Log List.
4. **Optional:** Click **Export** to save the log files to your computer.

## 9.3.7 SSH

Secure Shell (SSH) is a cryptographic network protocol for operating network services over an unsecured network.

Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Device Debugging** , and click **Settings** of **SSH**. You can edit the number of the port. Click **Save**.

---



### Caution

Use the function with caution. The security risk of device internal information leakage exists when the function is enabled.

---

## 9.3.8 Export Diagnose Information

Diagnose information includes running log, system information, hardware information.

Go to **Maintenance and Security > Maintenance > Device Debugging > Diagnose Information** . Click **Export**. In the pop-up window, check desired diagnose information and click **Export** to export corresponding diagnose information of the device.

## 9.4 Security

You can improve system security by setting security parameters.

### 9.4.1 Set IP Address Filter

IP address filter is a tool for access control. You can enable the IP address filter to allow or forbid the visits from the certain IP addresses.

IP address refers to IPv4.

#### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > IP Address Filter** .
2. Check **Enable**.
3. Select the type of IP address filter.

**Blocklist** IP addresses in the list cannot access the device.

**Allowlist** Only IP addresses in the list can access the device.

4. Edit the IP address filter list.

**Add** Add a new IP address or IP address range to the list.



Modify the selected IP address or IP address range in the list.



Delete the selected IP address or IP address range in the list.

5. Click **Save**.

## 9.4.2 Set MAC Address Filter

MAC address filter is a tool for access control. You can enable the MAC address filter to allow or forbid the visits from the certain MAC addresses.

### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > MAC Address Filter** .

2. Check **Enable**.

3. Select the type of MAC address filter.

**Blocklist** MAC addresses in the list cannot access the device.

**Allowlist** Only MAC addresses in the list can access the device.

4. Edit the MAC address filter list.

**Add** Add a new MAC address to the list.

 Modify the selected MAC address in the list.

 Delete the selected MAC address in the list.

5. Click **Save**.

## 9.4.3 Control Timeout Settings

If this function is enabled, you will be logged out when you make no operation (not including viewing live image) to the device via web browser within the set timeout period.

Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > Login Management > Control Timeout Settings** to complete settings.

## 9.4.4 Certificate Management

It helps to manage the server/client certificates and CA certificate, and to send an alarm if the certificates are close to expiry date, or are expired/abnormal.

---

### **Note**

The function is only supported by certain device models.

---



## Server Certificate/Client Certificate

---

### Note

The device has default self-signed server/client certificate installed. The certificate ID is *default*.

---

## Create and Install Self-signed Certificate

### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > Certificate Management** .
  2. Click **Create Self-signed Certificate**.
  3. Input certificate information.
- 

### Note

The input certificate ID cannot be the same as the existing ones.

---

4. Click **Save** to save and install the certificate.

The created certificate is displayed in the **Server/Client Certificate** list.

If the certificate is used by certain functions, the function name is shown in the column **Functions**.

5. **Optional:** Click **Property** to see the certificate details.

## Install Self-signed Request Certificate

You can send the self-signed certificate to a trusted third-party for the signature, and install the certificate to the device.

### Before You Start

Create a self-signed certificate first. See [\*Create and Install Self-signed Certificate\*](#) for instructions.

### Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > Certificate Management** .
2. Select a self-signed certificate from the **Server/Client Certificate** list.
3. Click **Create Certificate Request**.
4. Input request information.
5. Click **Save**.

The certificate request details are displayed in a pop-up window.

6. Copy the request content and save it as a request file.
7. Send the file to a trusted-third party for signature.
8. After receiving the certificated sent back from the third-party, install it to the device.
  - 1) Click **Import**.


## 2) Input Certificate ID.

---

### Note

The input certificate ID cannot be the same as the existed ones.

---

- 3) Click  to select the certificate file.
- 4) Select **Self-signed Request Certificate**.
- 5) Click **Save**.

The imported certificate is displayed in the **Server/Client Certificate** list.

If the certificate is used by certain function, the function name is shown in the column **Functions**.

9. **Optional:** Click **Property** see the certificate details.

## Install Other Authorized Certificate

If you already has an authorized certificate (not created by the device), you can import it to the device directly.

### Steps


1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > Certificate Management** .
2. Click **Import** in the **Server/Client Certificate** list.
3. Input **Certificate ID**.

---

### Note

The input certificate ID cannot be the same as the existed ones.

---

4. Click  to select the certificate file.
5. Select **Certificate and Key** and select a **Key Type** according to your certificate.

#### **Independent Key**

If your certificate has an independent key, select this option.

Browse to select the private key and input the private-key password.

#### **PKCS#12**

If your certificate has the key in the same certificate file, select this option and input the password.

6. Click **Save**.

The imported certificate is displayed in the **Server/Client Certificate** list.

If the certificate is used by certain function, the function name is shown in the column **Functions**.

## Install CA Certificate

### Before You Start

Prepare a CA certificate in advance.


## Steps

1. Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > Certificate Management** .
  2. Click **Import** in the **CA Certificate** list.
  3. Input **Certificate ID**.
- 

### **Note**

The input certificate ID cannot be the same as the existing ones.

---

4. Click  to select the certificate file.
5. Click **Save**.

The imported certificate is displayed in the **CA Certificate** list.

If the certificate is used by certain functions, the function name is shown in the **Functions** column.

## Enable Certificate Expiration Alarm

### Steps

1. Check **Enable Certificate Expiration Alarm**. If enabled, you will receive an email or the camera links to the surveillance center that the certificate will expire soon, or is expired or abnormal.
  2. Set the **Remind Me Before Expiration (day)**, **Alarm Frequency (day)** and **Detection Time (hour)**.
- 

### **Note**

- If you set the reminding day before expiration to 1, then the camera will remind you the day before the expiration day. 1 to 30 days are available. Seven days is the default reminding days.
  - If you set the reminding day before expiration to 1, and the detection time to 10:00, and the certificate will expire in 9:00 the next day, the camera will remind you in 10:00 the first day.
- 

3. Click **Save**.

## 9.4.5 TLS

The Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol aims primarily to provide privacy and data integrity between two or more communicating computer applications. TLS settings are effective for HTTP(S) and enhanced SDK service.

Go to **Maintenance and Security > Security > TLS** , and enable the desired TLS protocol. Click **Save**.



## **Caution**

Use the function with caution. The security risk of device internal information leakage exists when the function is enabled.

---

## Chapter 10 Appendix

### 10.1 Common Material Emissivity Reference

Material	Emissivity
Human Skin	0.98
Printed Circuit Board	0.91
Concrete	0.95
Ceramic	0.92
Rubber	0.95
Paint	0.93
Wood	0.85
Pitch	0.96
Brick	0.95
Sand	0.90
Soil	0.92
Cloth	0.98
Hard Paperboard	0.90
White Paper	0.90
Water	0.96

### 10.2 FAQ

Scan the following QR code to get device common FAQ.





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